**AP Euro IDENTIFICATIONS**

**Chapter 21: reaction, revolution, and romanticism, 1815-1850**

1. Congress of Vienna
2. Prince Klemens von Metternich
3. Principle of legitimacy
4. Balance of power
5. Ideology
6. Conservatism
7. Edmund Burke
8. Concert of Europe
9. Principle of intervention
10. Simón Bolivar and Jose de San Martín
11. Greek Revolution
12. Tories
13. St Peters Fields/Peterloo Massacre
14. Ultra-royalists
15. Ministerial responsibility
16. Carbonari (Italy)
17. Germanic Confederation
18. *Burschenschaften* and the Karlsbad Decrees
19. Alexander I of Russia
20. Nicholas I of Russia
21. Liberalism
22. Thomas Malthus and David Ricardo (Economic Liberalism)
23. John Stuart Mill (Political Liberalism)
24. Nationalism
25. Socialism/Utopian Socialism (know the utopian socialists: Fourier, Owen, Blanc, Tristan)
26. French Revolution of 1830
	1. King Charles X
	2. King Louis-Philippe
27. Belgian, Italian, Polish Revolutions of 1830
28. Reform Act of 1832
29. The Corn Laws (when they were implemented, when they were repealed)
30. French Revolution of 1848
	1. Charles Louis Napoleon Bonaparte
31. 1848 Revolution of German States
32. 1848 Revolution of the Austrian Empire
33. 1848 Revolution of Italian States
	1. Giuseppe Mazzini
34. New civic police forces: Britain, France, Germany
35. Prison Reform
36. Romanticism
	1. Poetry, literature, art, religion
37. Individualism
38. Gothic literature